

Federal Tax Update

Agenda

- Setting the Stage
- The Economic Outlook
- The Current Congress
- The Current Tax Administration
- The Debt Ceiling
- The Coming Perfect Storm
- Summary



The Economic Outlook

Percentage of GDP						
	Average, 1995–2024	Actual, 2024	2025	2035	2045	2055
Revenues	17.2	17.1	17.1	18.3	18.9	19.3
Individual income taxes Payroll taxes Corporate income taxes Other	8.1 6.0 1.7 1.4	8.4 5.9 1.8 0.9	8.7 5.8 1.7 0.9	10.0 5.9 1.2 1.1	10.5 5.9 1.2 1.2	10.9 5.9 1.2 1.3
Outlays	21.1	23.4	23.3	24.4	25.3	26.6
Mandatory	12.3	14.1	14.0	15.1	15.6	16.1
Social Security	4.5	5.0	5.2	6.0	5.9	6.1
Major health care programs	4.4	5.6	5.8	6.7	7.6	8.1
Medicare	2.6	3.0	3.1	4.0	4.8	5.2
Medicaid, CHIP, and premium tax credits and related spending	1.8	2.6	2.7	2.7	2.8	2.9
Other mandatory	3.3	3.4	3.0	2.4	2.1	1.9
Discretionary	7.0	6.3	6.1	5.3	5.1	5.1
Net interest	1.8	3.1	3.2	4.1	4.6	5.4
Total deficit (-)	-3.9	-6.4	-6.2	-6.1	-6.4	-7.3
Primary deficit (-)	-2.1	-3.3	-3.0	-2.1	-1.8	-1.9
Debt held by the public at the end of each period	60	98	100	118	136	156

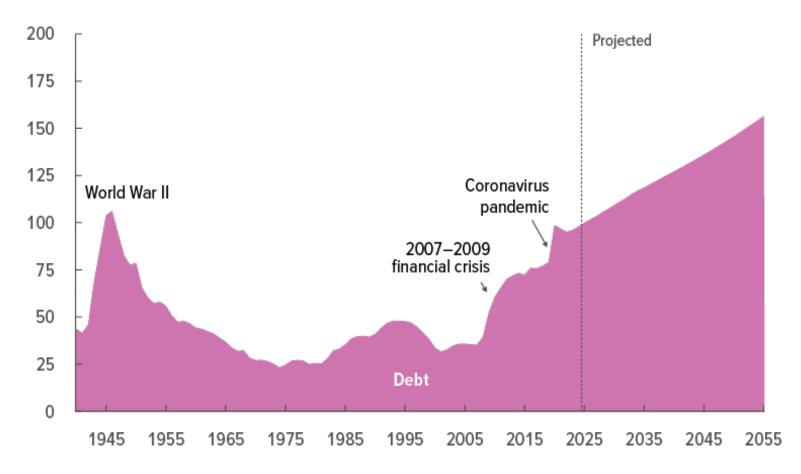


The Economic Outlook

Percent						
	Average, 1995–2024	Actual, 2024	2025	2035	2045	2055
Growth of real (inflation-adjusted) GDP	2.5	2.8	2.1	1.8	1.5	1.4
Inflation						
Growth of the PCE price index	2.1	2.5	2.2	2.0	2.0	2.0
Growth of the consumer price index for all urban consumers	2.5	3.0	2.2	2.3	2.3	2.3
Labor force participation rate	64.7	62.6	62.7	61.4	61.4	61.2
Unemployment rate	5.6	4.0	4.3	4.3	4.2	4.0
Interest rates						
On 10-year Treasury notes	3.7	4.2	4.1	3.8	3.7	3.8
On all federal debt held by the public (by fiscal year)	3.8	3.4	3.4	3.6	3.6	3.6

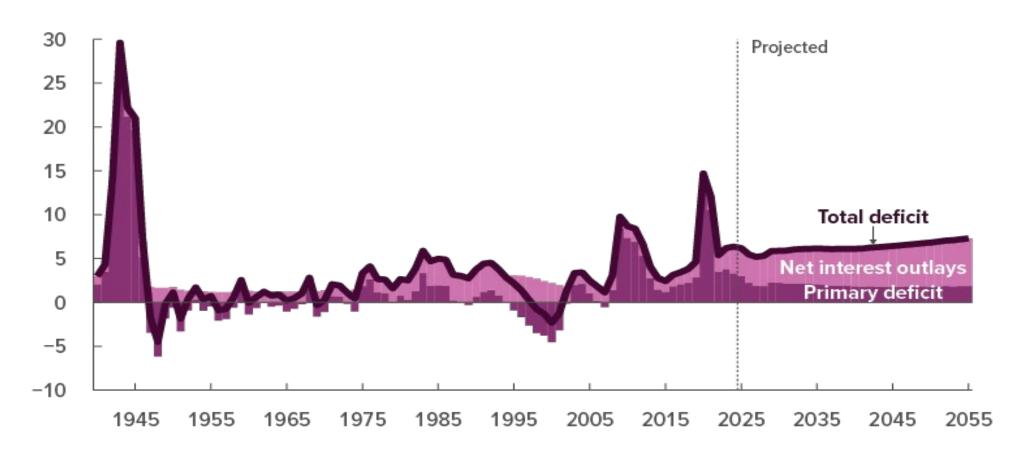


Federal Debt Held By The Public



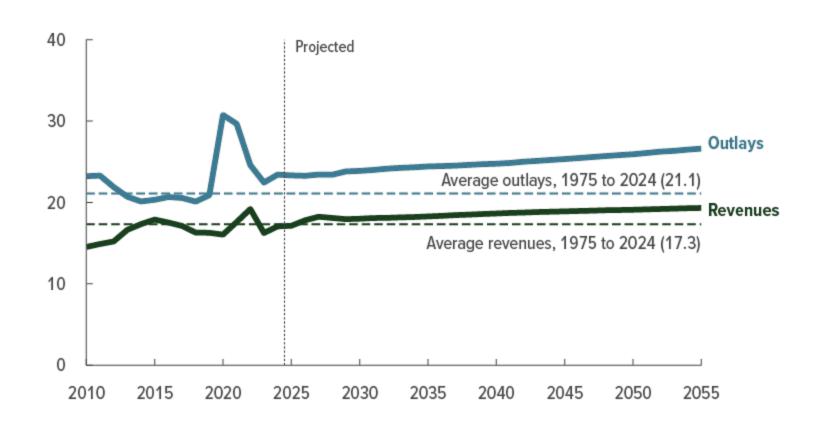


Total Deficit, Primary Deficits and Net Interest Outlays



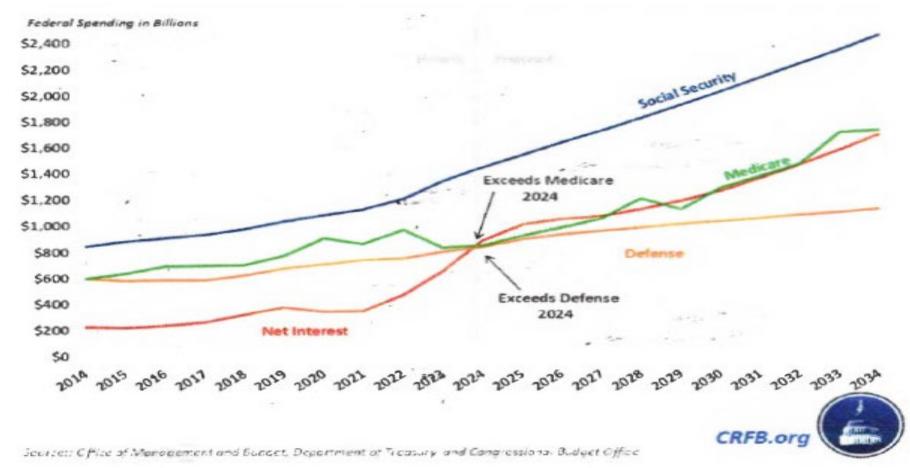


Total Outlays and Revenues





We Spend More on Interest than Medicare or Defense





Major Points From CBO Projections

- Debt will surge past current record levels
- Deficits will rise even higher
- Spending will continue to outpace revenue
- Interest costs explode
- Social Security is 8 years from insolvency
- AND THIS IS BEFORE ANY CONGRESSIONAL ACTION THIS YEAR!



The Current Congress

- Congress
 - House-220 R, 214 D
 - Ways and Means Committee-24R, 19D
 - Senate-53R, 45 D, 2 Ind
 - Finance Committee-14D, 13R
 - Joint Committee on Taxation
 - Congressional Budget Office



The Current Tax Administration

- Treasury Assistant Secretary for Tax (Designate)-Ken Kies
- Commissioner of Internal Revenue (Designate) Billy Long
- Chief Counsel of IRS-Vacant



The Coming Perfect Storm

- The Debt Ceiling
 - Current debt ceiling is \$36.1 trillion
 - Debt ceiling has been reached and Treasury is using "extraordinary measures" to issue debt
 - Ability to use extraordinary measures will end in August or September
 - Unless extended or increased U.S, will default on debt obligations.
 - House has included increase to \$4 trillion in its reconciliation bill
- Expiration of the TCJA



The Process

- Regular Order
 - President submits Budget
 - Tax writing Committees hold hearings
 - Ways and Means Committee and House Act
 - Importance of the "rule"
 - Senate Finance Committee and Senate Act
 - Filibuster
 - Conference to Resolve Differences
 - President signs
- Reconciliation
 - Avoids filibuster
 - Has special procedures



Special Rules of Reconciliation

Requires a budget resolution

- Passage by both Houses by majority vote
- Ways and Means and Finance Committees mark up bill within their targets
- Each chamber then marks up a bill within the budget resolution parameters
- Bill cannot be filibustered

Special rules

- No non-revenue provisions
- Cannot lose revenue outside the ten-year budget window
 - Who determines?
 - Joint Committee on Taxation and Congressional Budget Office
 - What is the baseline?
 - Role of Senate Parliamentarian



Status of Reconciliation Legislation

Timeline

- Original House budget resolution—February 25, 2025
 - \$4.5 trillion in tax cuts
 - \$2 trillion in spending cuts
 - Increase debt ceiling to 4 tr.
- Senate budget resolution—A[ril 5, 2025)
 - Add 5.8 tr. to deficits
 - \$4b. in spending cuts
 - Debt increase?
- House adopts Senate resolution-April 10, 2025

Add –Ons

- Trump tax proposals
- SALT adjustment
- Other expiring provisions

Revenue

- "Baseline"
- House conservatives want revenue offsets
- Trump wants to pay for with tariffs



Cost of Permanent Extension of Expiring Provisions Plus Possible Add-Ons

•	Individu	ial (CBO)	
	•	Rates	-2.16 tr.
	•	Standard deduction	-1.25 tr.
	•	AMT exemption	-1.36 tr.
	•	Child tax credit	-748 b.
	•	Section 199A	-684 b.
	•	Estate tax	-167 b
	•	Personal Exemptions	+1.7 tr.
	•	Itemized deductions (SALT, mortgage interest)	+ 1.25 tr.
	•	Opportunity Zones	-70.5 b.
	•	Excess business losses	<u>+121.8 b.</u>
	Corpora	ate (CBO)	3.47tr.
	•	Expensing	-378 b.
	•	Section 163(j) (through 2025)	-18.8 b.
	•	Section 174 (through 2025)	-8.5 b.
	•	GILTI and FDII	-120 b.
	•	BEAT	<u>-21.4 b.</u> 546b.
•	Non-TC	CJA (CRFB)	
	•	Tip, overtime income and Social Security	-3.6 tr.
	•	Corporate rate (15% for domestic mfg)	-200 b.
	•	Tariffs (10-20% on foreign products)	+2.7 tr.



Provision (Code section)		Expiration Date
1.	Modification of individual income tax rates(sec. l(j))	12/31/25
2.	Child tax credit: Increased credit amount, increased refundable amount, reduced earned income threshold, and modification of identification requirements (sec. 24(h))	12/31/25
3.	Premium assistance credit enhancements (sec. 36B(b)(3)(A)(iii) and (c)(1)(E))	12/31 /25
4.	New markets tax credit (sec. 45D(f)(l))13	12/31/25
5.	Employer credit for paid family and medical leave (sec. 45S(i))	12/31/25
6.	Work opportunity credit (sec. 51 (c)(4))	12/31/25
7.	Increase in exemption amount and phaseout threshold of individual AMT (sec. 55(d)(4))	12/31/25



Provision (Code section)		Expiration Date	
8.	Rate on modified taxable income and treatment of credits in the calculation of base erosion minimum tax amount (sec. 59A(b)(2))	12/31/25	
9.	Increase in standard deduction of individuals (sec. 63(c)(7))	12/31/25	
10.	Suspension of miscellaneous itemized deduction (sec. 67(g))	12/31/25	
ΙI	Suspension of limitation on itemized deductions (sec. 68([))	12/31/25	
12.	Exclusion from gross income of discharge of indebtedness on principal residence (sec. 108(a)(1)(E))	12/31/25	
13.	Special rule for certain discharges of student loans (sec. I08([)(5))	I2/31/25	
14.	Exclusion for certain employer payments of student loans (sec. 127(c)(I)(B))	12/31 /25	



Provision (Code section)	Expiration Date
 Suspension of exclusion for reimbursement of bicycle commuting (sec. 132([)(8)) 	12/31 /25
 Suspension of exclusion for moving expense reimbursement (sec. 132(g)(2)) 	12/31/25
 Suspension of deduction for personal exemptions (sec. 151(d)(5)) 	12/31/25
 Limitation on deduction for qualified residence interest, suspension of deduction for home equity interest (sec. 163(h)(3)(F)) 	12/31/25
 Limitation on deduction for State, local, etc., taxes (sec. 164(b)(6)) 	12/31/25
 Modification of rules relating to computation of wagering losses (sec. 165(d)) 	12/31/25



Provision (Code section)	Expiration Date
 Personal casualty losses limited to Federally declared disaster areas (sec. 165(h)(5)) 	12/31/25
 Seven-year recovery period for motorsports entertainment complexes (sec. 168(e)(3)(C)(ii) and (i)(15)(D)) 	12/31/25
 Increase in percentage limitation on cash contributions to public charities (sec. 170(b)(l)(G)) 	12/31/25
 Special expensing rules for certain film, television, and live theatrical productions (sec. 181(g)) ¹⁴ 	12/31/25
 Qualified business income deduction (sec. 199A(i)) 	12/31/25
 Suspension of deduction for moving expenses (sec. 217(k)) 	12/31/25
 Deduction percentages for foreign-derived intangible income and global intangible low-taxed income (sec. 250(a)(3)) 	12/3 1/25

Provision (Code section)	Expiration Date	
 Deductibility of employer de minimis meals and related eating facility, and meals for the convenience of the employer (sec. 274(0)) 	12/31/25	
29. ABLE accounts (sec. 529A):		
 Contributions eligible for saver's credit (sec. 25B(d)(l)(D)) 	12/31/25	
 Rollovers from qualified tuition programs permitted (sec. 529(c)(3)(C)(i)(III)) 	12/31/25	
 Increase in contributions limit (sec. 529A(b)(2)(B)) 	12/31/25	
 Look-through treatment of payments between related controlled foreign corporations under the foreign personal holding company rules (sec. 954(c)(6)(C)) 	12/31/25	



<u>Pro</u>	vision (Code section)	Expiration Date			
31. Empowerment zone tax incentives: 15					
a	Designation of an empowerment zone and of additional empowerment zones (sec. 1391(d)(l)(A)(i) and (h)(2))	12/31/25			
Ъ	Empowerment zone tax-exempt bonds (secs. 1394 and 1391(d)(l)(A)(i))	12/31 /25			
C.	Empowerment zone employment credit (secs. 1396 and 1391(d)(1)(A)(i))	12/31/25			
	ncrease in estate and gift tax exemption sec. 2010(c)(3)(C))	12/31/25			
	Oil Spill Liability Trust Fund financing ate (sec. 4611([)(2))	12/31/25			
S	Creatment of certain individuals performing ervices in the Sinai Peninsula of Egypt sec. 11026 of Public Law 115-97)	12/31/25			



The International Tax Landscape—US Participation in Limbo

• Pillar 1

• Reallocates taxing rights over large multinationals to markets where they have business activities and earn profits regardless of their physical presence.

• Pillar 2

- 15 percent global minimum tax rate on multinationals with global turnover in excess of 750 million pounds.
 - Income Inclusion Rule (IIR)—a top-up tax of 15%
 - Undertaxed Profits Rule (UTPR)-denies deductions to collect tax that falls outside II



Tariffs

Situation in flux



Summary

Chaos and Uncertainty!



Thank You



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Of Counsel

Hank draws on over 50 years of government, teaching, and practice experience to advise clients on negotiating the federal tax legislative and regulatory process.

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